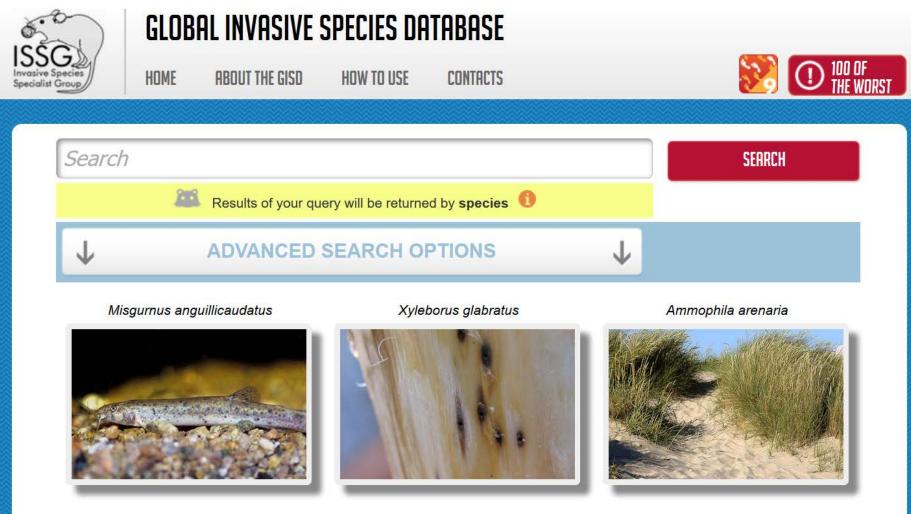
Niagara region's Aquatic and Riparian Invasive Species Control Database Lyn Brown, M.S.

# Databases as an Invasive Species Management tool



# Present Study - Research Gap

 No databases focused on invasive species management in Niagara

# Present Study - Objectives

- 1. Inventory invasive detection and control activities in Niagara and compare to the literature
- 2. Examine perceived efficacy for control techniques
- 3. Make a DB w/GIS map to improve management by facilitating collaboration

# Methods

#### Identify potential invasive species in the Region











#### Identify management activities



Brock University	Friends of Short Hills Park	Niagara Restoration Council	St. Catharines City Hall Transportation and Environmental Services
Bruce Trail Association	Friends of the Glen	Niagara-On-The-Lake Sustainability Network	St. Lawrence Seaway Management Corporation
Canada Border Services Agency	Friends of Walker's Creek	Niagara's Outdoor Adventure Campus	Thorold Public Works
Canadian Wildlife Service City of Niagara Falls, Landscape Architecture	Grape Growers of Ontario Great Lakes Fishery Commission	Ontario Apple Growers Ontario Invasive Plant Council	Town of Fort Erie Town of Grimsby Public Works
City of Port Colbourne Public Works	Harmony Residents Group	Ontario Nature	Town of Lincoln Planning Department
Coalition of the Niagara Escarpment	International Joint Commission, Great Lakes Regional Office	Ontario Phragmites Working Group	Town of Pelham Public Works
District School Board of Niagara, Public Affairs	Invasive Species Centre	Ontario River's Alliance	Township of Wainfleet
Ducks Unlimited Canada	Land Care Niagara	Ontario Soil and Crop Improvement Association	Township of West Lincoln Planning Department
École élémentaire LaMarsh	Niagara Catholic District School Board (Facility Services)	Ontario Tender Fruit Growers	Trout Unlimited Canada
Environment and Climate Change Canada	Niagara Chapter of the Ontario Woodlot Association	Ontario Trails Council	Welland Public Works
Escarpment Biosphere Conservancy	Niagara Escarpment Commission	Preservation of Agricultural Lands Society	Welland River Keepers
Fort Erie Conservation Club	Niagara Land Trust	Ridley College	Wildlife Preservation Canada
Friends of Fort Erie Creek	Niagara Remedial Action Plan	School of Horticulture and Botanical Gardens	

Methods - Step 3



Canadian Food Inspection Agency







Identify organizations















Fisheries and Oceans Canada











Ministry of Natural Resources and Forestry

#### Design & Pre-test questionnaire

**Appendix D: Survey Instrument** 

#Org	5	
Title	Name	
Org Email	<b>T</b>	
Email	Email	
Org Phone	Phone	

Please note, to keep phrasing consistent, I will be reading the questions. And, as a reminder, this questionnaire focuses on aquatic and riparian invasives only. These invasives could include species along watercourses/streams/creeks like phragmites, purple loosestrife, invertebrates, amphibians, and fish.

i. Which invasives does your organization deal with (list)?

1a. Which invasive species does your organization spend the most resources on? 1b. Why?

2. What techniques are you using to detect the presence of invasive species?

For question 3, use Collector for ArcGIS and list from question i.

3a. What control techniques do you use for the invasive species? [If they use multiple controls for an invasive, ask if the controls are all used in the same place]

#### **Identify Study Area**





#### Prepare database and map

Niagara's Aquatic and Riparian Invasive Species Control



#### InvasiveControlLocations2

Purple_Loosestrife
20 m around the pond by the dam at Saint Johns Conservation Area.
Physical
Hand-pull the purple loosestrife once per year.
75-100%
Niagara Peninsula Conservation Authority
info@npca.ca
9057883135
Kim
Frohlich
kfrohlich@npca.ca
9057883135x241
{df85e174-ecdc-4696-85dd-ec60e86365cf}

# Results & Discussion

# Niagara Region Invasive Management Efforts 2017-2018

- 16 interviewed
  - 8 detected only
  - 8 detected and controlled
- 35 control efforts
- Spatially mainly along Niagara River

# Invasive Management Gaps

- NPCA & ONMNRF doing little to no control
- 99% of aquatic invasives unchecked in Niagara Region
- No invasive detection/control along the Welland Canal or Lake Erie or Ontario shorelines

# Invasive Detection and Control

- 40 detected
  - Primarily visually detected
- 12 controlled
  - Only chemical and/or physical control





# Control Efficacy

- Average Control Efficacy in Niagara Region: 61-86%
- 8 of 12 ratings corroborated with the literature
- Others may not have due to:
  - Control timing
  - Site
  - Distribution
  - Population Size

#### Niagara's Aquatic and Riparian Invasive Species Control

with Web AppBuilder for ArcGIS



## Costs

Niagara Region in 2017-2018

- \$1,216,718
- 4,570 man-hours

# Present Study - Contributions

- Resource provides baseline information
  - Contributes to the global information network
- Practical tool
- Collaboration tool



# Recommendations

- Increase aquatic invasive control activities
- Target control efforts at the Welland Canal & along L. Erie shoreline
- Increase # of orgs controlling aquatic/riparian invasives in Niagara
- To prioritize management, do an ecological-social risk assessment
- Make a regional invasive species strategic plan
- NPCA to make an invasive species strategy
- Focus on early detection with remote sensing, DNA barcoding & dogs
- Use a variety of control methods
- Share information about planning & decision-making
- Increase collaboration via database use & workshops

# Questions?